

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT FORM X-17A-5 PART III

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Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING_		AND ENDING_ 'DD/YY	12/31/2008 MM/DD/YY
A. REC	GISTRANT I	DENTIFICATION	
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: DebtX S	Securities	, Inc.	OFFICIAL USE ONLY
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUS	SINESS: (Do no	et use P.O. Box No.)	FIRM I.D. NO.
133 Federal Street		Floor	
	(No. a	nd Street)	
Boston	MA	eu	02110
(City)		(State)	(Zip Code)
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PE Troy Quimby	ERSON TO CO		REPORT 17-531-3435
			(Area Code – Telephone Number)
B. ACC	OUNTANT I	DENTIFICATION	•
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT w		ual, state last, first, middle name)	
200 Portland Street	Boston	BBAAFAAFA	02114
(Address)	(City)	PRUCESSEU State	GEC (Zip Code)
CHECK ONE:		APR 03 2009 E	Section
☑ Certified Public Accountant		VIIABBAALINFIITERA	FEB 2 6 7009
☐ Public Accountant	THOMSON REUTERS		
☐ Accountant not resident in United States or any of its possessions.		Washington, DC 111	
	FOR OFFICI	al use only	
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*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

SEC 1410 (06-02)

Potential persons who are to respond to the collection of information contained in this form are not required to respond unless the form displaye a currently valid OMB control number.



OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, Troy	y Ouimby	, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of		
my knowl	ledge and belief the accompanying financial statem	ent and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of		
-	tX Securities, Inc.	, as		
of Dece	·	, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that		
		fficer or director has any proprietary interest in any account		
	i solely as that of a customer, except as follows:			
Classifica	botoly as that of a vasionist, shoops as to have			
		1200		
		Togeth from		
	-	Signature		
		Moseur		
$\mathcal{L}_{\mathcal{L}}$		TITIE ELIZABETH E. MORINI		
I(t)	e de the When	Notary Public		
	Notary Public	Commonwealth of Massachusetts		
•		My Commission Expires October 5, 2012		
	ort ** contains (check all applicable boxes):	0000000,2012		
	Facing Page. Statement of Financial Condition.			
	Statement of Income (Loss).			
	Statement of Changes in Financial Condition.			
	Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Page	tners' or Sole Proprietors' Capital.		
(f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.				
_ ` '	Computation of Net Capital.			
□ (h) C	Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirem	nents Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.		
	Information Relating to the Possession or Control Re			
		of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the		
	Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requ			
		Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of		
	consolidation.			
	An Oath or Affirmation.			
	A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.	exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.		
— (п) А	A report describing any material madequactes found to	calst of found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.		

^{**}For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).



Feeley & Driscoll, P.C.

Certified Public Accountants / Business Consultants

Report on Internal Control Required by the Securities and Exchange Commission Rule 17a-5(g)(1) for a Broker-Dealer Claiming an Exemption From Securities and Exchange Commission Rule 15c3-3

To the Board of Directors of DebtX Securities, Inc. Boston, Massachusetts

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of DebtX Securities, Inc. (the "Company") as of and for the year ended December 31, 2008, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Company's internal control over financial reporting ("internal control") as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company, including consideration of control activities for safeguarding securities. This study included tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in Rule 17a-5(g), in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- 1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons and recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13.
- 2. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls, and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.



To the Board of Directors of DebtX Securities, Inc. Boston, Massachusetts

Because of inherent limitations in internal control and the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control and control activities for safeguarding securities that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures, as described in the second paragraph of this report, were adequate at December 31, 2008 to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, the SEC, the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority (FINRA) and other regulatory agencies that rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Feeley & Driscoll, P.C. Boston, Massachusetts January 9, 2009 Faalay & Discoll, P.C.



Feeley & Driscoll, P.C.

Certified Public Accountants / Business Consultants

The Board of Directors DebtX Securities, Inc. Boston, Massachusetts

Independent Auditors' Report

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of DebtX Securities, Inc. (the Company) as of December 31, 2008, and the related statements of operations, changes in stockholder's equity, and cash flows for the year then ended that you are filing pursuant to Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of DebtX Securities, Inc. as of December 31, 2008, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained in Schedules I and II is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

January 9, 2009

Frelay 4 Driscoll, P.C.

Statement of Financial Condition

December 31, 2008

<u>Assets</u>

Assets:		
Cash	\$	79,094
Intercompany receivable		204
Prepaid expenses		2,337
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	81,635
Liabilities and Stockholder's	Equity	
Liabilities -		
Accrued expenses	\$	11,000
Total liabilities		11,000
Stockholder's equity:		
Common stock, \$0.01 par value; 3,000 shares authorized;		
1 share issued and outstanding		-
Additional paid-in capital		53,123
Retained earnings	<u> </u>	17,512
Total stockholder's equity		70,635
Total liabilities and stockholder's equity	\$	81,635

Statement of Operations

For the year ended December 31, 2008

Revenues:	
Fee income	\$ 1,500
Interest income	2,186
	3,686
Expenses:	
Professional fees	23,986
Occupancy costs	3,000
Miscellaneous	44
Total expenses	27,030
Net loss before provision for income taxes	(23,344)
Income tax benefit	9,100
Net loss	\$ (14,244)

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Statement of Cash Flows

For the year ended December 31, 2008

Cash flows from operating activities:	
Net loss	\$ (14,244)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities:	
Increase (decrease) in cash resulting from a change in:	
Intercompany receivable	(204)
Prepaid expenses	(221)
Intercompany payable	 (465)
Net cash used in operating activities	 (15,134)
Net decrease in cash	(15,134)
Cash at beginning of year	 94,228
Cash at end of year	\$ 79,094

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2008

Note 1 - Organization

DebtX Securities, Inc. is a wholly owned subsidiary of The Debt Exchange, Inc. (the Parent). The Company is registered as a broker-dealer under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and is a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority (FINRA). The Company helps financial institutions increase profitability and reduce risk by offering comprehensive loan sale advisory services that create liquidity in an institution's loan portfolio. The Company serves commercial banks, insurance companies, investment banks, government agencies and other institutions seeking a competitive edge through active portfolio management throughout the United States.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Accounting - The Company's financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, whereby revenues, if any, from placement fees are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred.

<u>Use of Estimates</u> - The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amount of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

<u>Cash and Cash Equivalents</u> - All short-term investments with an original maturity of three (3) months or less are considered to be cash equivalents.

Revenue Recognition - Securities transactions and related income and expenses are recorded on a trade date basis.

Income Taxes - The Company's federal tax return is included in the consolidated tax return of its Parent. The Company's tax provision is calculated on a separate return basis, and taxes payable or benefits taken are transferred to the Parent. The amount of current and deferred taxes payable or refundable is recognized as of the date of the financial statements, utilizing currently enacted tax laws and rates. Deferred tax expenses or benefits are recognized in the financial statements for the changes in deferred tax assets or liabilities between years.

Notes to Financial Statements - Continued

December 31, 2008

Note 3 - Net Capital

The Company is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission's ("SEC") regulations and operating guidelines, which require the Company to maintain a specified amount of net capital, as defined, and a ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, as defined, not to exceed 15:1. Net capital and the related ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital may fluctuate on a daily basis. The Company's net capital, as computed under Rule 15c3-1 was \$68,094, which exceeded required net capital of \$5,000 by \$63,094. The Company's ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital was 0.16:1 at December 31, 2008.

Note 4 - Related Party Transactions

Administrative Services Agreement - Under the terms of an Administrative Services Agreement, the Parent provided administrative and other services to the Company. The terms of the Agreement stated that the Parent was reimbursed for all expenses directly attributable to the Company, such as occupancy, administrative and recordkeeping expenses. For the year ended December 31, 2008, reimbursements for such expenses totaled \$12,000.

<u>Intercompany Receivable</u> - The Company had \$204 due from the Parent as of December 31, 2008 for miscellaneous expenses.

Note 5 - Income Taxes

The Company is included in the consolidated federal income tax return filed by the Parent. Federal income taxes are calculated as if the Company filed a separate federal income tax return. The current portion of the income tax expense included in the statement of operations as determined in accordance with SFAS No. 109, Accounting for Income Taxes, was as follows:

The components of income tax benefit was as follows for the year ended December 31, 2008:

Current: Federal State	,	·	\$	7,338 1,762
			\$	9,100

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Schedule I Computation of Net Capital under Rule 15c3-1 of the Securities and Exchange Commission

December 31, 2008

Net capital Stockholder's equity		•	\$ 70,635
Less non-allowable assets and deductions: Intercompany receivable Prepaid expenses and other assets	\$	204 2,337	2,541
Less haircuts			-
Net capital			\$ 68,094
Aggregate indebtedness, total liabilities			\$ 11,000
Minimum net capital required (6.67% of aggregate indebtedness)			\$ 733
Minimum net capital dollar requirement			\$ 5,000
Minimum net capital required			\$ 5,000
Excess net capital (\$68,094 - \$5,000)			\$ 63,094
Percentage of aggregate indebtedness to net capital	\$	11,000	16.15%
	\$	68,094	

There are no material differences between the above computation and the computation included in the Company's corresponding unaudited Form X-17A-5 Part IIA filing.

Schedule II Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements under Rule 15c3-3 of the Securities and Exchange Commission

December 31, 2008

The Company is exempt from the Securities and Exchange Commission Rule 15c3-3; therefore, it is not required to maintain a "Special Reserve Bank Account for the Exclusive Benefit of the Customers". The Company qualifies for this exemption under paragraph (k)(2)(i) because it does not hold funds or securities for, or owe money or securities to, customers.

DEBTX SECURITIES, INC.
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2008

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